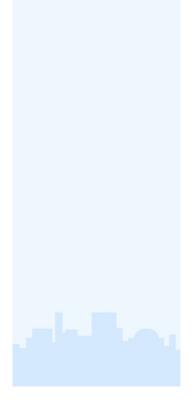


Report to GA

Nicosia, 26. Oct. 2013

- 1. Presentation of and voting for the proposed agenda
- 2. International activity of chairman
- 3. Discussion "Water Management in Europe"
- 4. Working plan
- 5. Co-operation in water issues with WCCE and UN





Topic 1 Agenda

Accepted

9 participants





4.1 Engineer's Day of the Slovakian Chamber of Civil Engineers, Brno, October 2012

The green strategy towards sustainable energy supply in Germany

- and the involvement of civil engineers -





Topic 4.1 (cont. 1) High energy efficient buildings



Pict. 4: Unilever House

Pict. 5: Elbphilharmonie (both in Hamburg HafenCity)





Topic 4.2

Conference "High Performance Buildings"

held in the premises of BBRI in Brussels, 24. – 26. June 2013

This very interesting conference was part of the EU Sustainable Energy Week in Brussels and consisted of four parts of half day duration each:





Topic 4.2 (cont. 1)

Session 1

Performance Assessment Methodology, including cost analysis

Session 2

ICT for Monitoring and Evaluation Methods for energy performance assessments, including intelligent metering environments and ICT

Session 3

European Energy Standards related to the EPBD (TC 371)

Session 4

High Performance Building Design: Solution sets, case studies, processes, open issues.



Topic 4.2 (cont. 2)

The conference has been organized by three powerful research organizations:

- EC Joint Research Center (<u>www.jrc.ec.europa.eu</u>)
- Italian National Agency for New Technologies, energy and sustainable Economic Development (ENEA) (<u>www.enea.it</u>)
- DYNASTEE network (which stands for DYNamic, Analysis, Simulation and Testing applied to the Energy and Environmental performance of buildings) (www.dynastee.info) together with INIVE (International Network for Information on Ventilation and Energy Performance) (www.inive.org)



Topic 4.2 (cont. 3)

Summarizing Overview

The Energy Performance of Buildings Directive (EPBD) 2010/31/EU was seen as the overruling topic. This directive was adopted by the EU Council and the European Parliament on 19 May 2010. It requires that from the year 2020 onwards all new buildings will have to be 'nearly-zero energy buildings' (nZEB) and comply with high energy-performance standards and supply a significant share of their energy requirements from renewable sources.



Topic 4.3

The International Conference on Engineering for Sustainable Energy in Developing Countries

Guangzhou, China, September 5 – 7, 2013

Towards a sustainable future

Photo Voltaic Energy - from world scale to its smart use at home

Carsten Ahrens ZDI and Jade-Hochschule, Germany ECCE, Athens, Greece WCCE, Madrid, Spain WFEO, SC Energy, Solar Group

International Conference on Engineering for Sustainable Energy in Developing Countries **ESEDC 2013** Toward a Sustainable Future

September 5-8, 2013 **Guangzhou**, China

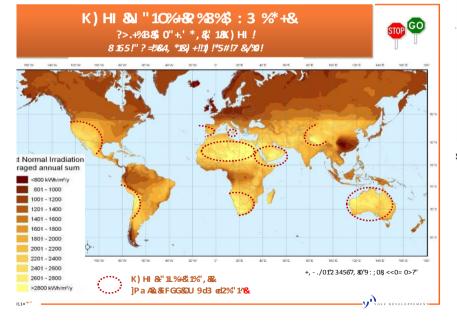
Photo Voltaic Energy – from world scale to its smart use at home

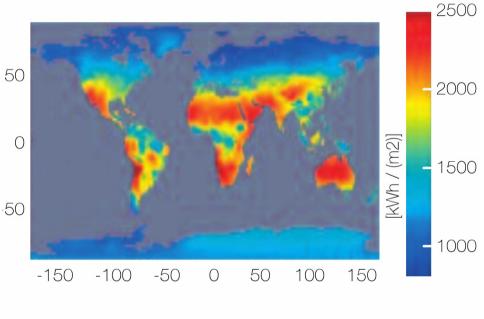
Carsten Ahrens Jadehochschule, ZDI, Germany ECCE, WCCE, WFEO (Solar Group)

Solar irradiation around the world

Total world primary energy demand by 4% land use of deserts

HIGH CONCENTRATED PV

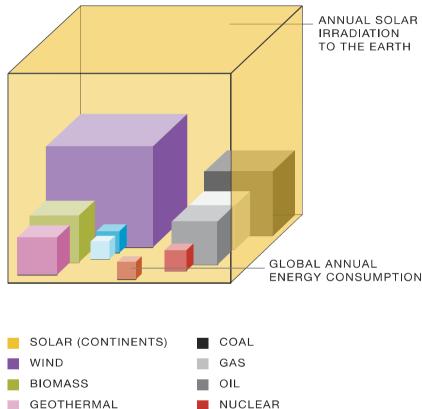




source: Gregor Czisch, ISET, Kassel, Germany.

"PLANE" PV

Solar irradiation versus fossil energy



OCEAN & WAVE PRIMARY ENERGY CONSUMPTION HYDRO

FOSSIL FUELS ARE EXPRESSED WITH REGARD TO THEIR TOTAL RESERVES WHILE RENEWABLE ENERGIES TO THEIR YEARLY POTENTIAL.

source: DLR, IEA WEO, EPIA's own calculations.

Sun ray's energy 10.000 x fossil energy

PV installations on 0.34% land in Europe could meet its total electricity consumption

Deserts are most suitable for solar use

- high irradiance
- low population
- small water use by PV installations
- but long transportation ways for electricity

World's interest in solar energy



Photo Voltaic Energy – from world scale to its smart use at home Carsten Ahrens



Topic 4.4

Proposal of the WFEO-brochure about

Solar Energy

Content

Forewords WFEO-president WFEO-chairman Energy Standing Committee Solar Energy Task Group-chairman

Author: Carsten Ahrens, chair of solar group





Topic 4.4 (cont. 1)

5. High Concentration Photo Voltaic (HCPV)

Physical Basics Development of Photovoltaic Technology Production of Solar Cells and Modules Small Scale Use Industrial Electricity Production Grid Connection Island Solutions Development of production market Development of energy market (user) Advantages/disadvantages Outlook





Topic 4.4 (cont. 2)

5. High concentrated PV (HCPV)

High Concentration Photovoltaics (HCPV) Specific Aspects and Efficiencies

- HCPV is suitable for areas with high direct normal irradiance
- Concentrating optics are used to focus the light on small solar cells
- Concentration levels above 400 suns have become standard
- Various designs of HCPV systems are commercially available
- High efficiencies are achieved (see table)

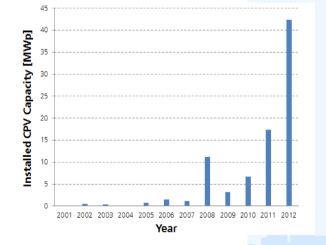


Efficiencies	Lab Record	Commercial
Solar Cell	43.5 % (Solar Junction)	37-40%
Module	33.9% (Semprius)	25-31%
System (AC)	N.A.	23-27%

Source: Fraunhofer ISE, Progress in Photovoltaics, Semprius 2012

SC Enviroment & Sustainability Chair: Carsten Ahrens

Yearly Installed Capacity of High Concentration Photovoltaic Systems (HCPV)*



* HCPV has concentration factor from 300 up to 1000 suns

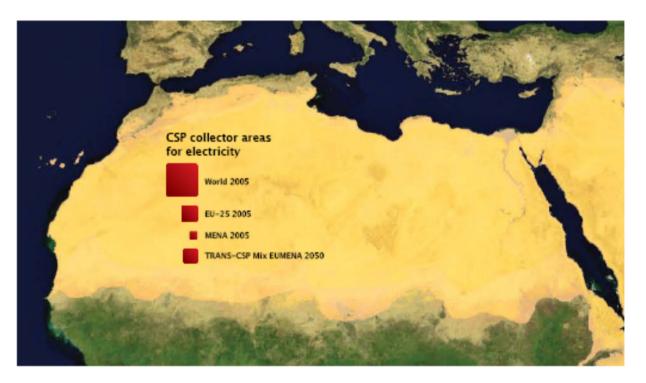
Data: ISE 2012 Graph: PSE AG 2012



Topic 4.4 (cont. 3)

Concentrated Solar Thermal Energy (CSP)

Desertec project in the EUMENA region





Topic 3. Water Management in Europe

Topic 4. Working plan

Questionnaire according to the conference

- Managing water resources
- Monitoring and assessment of surface and ground water
- Desalination
- Sewerage treatment
- Flood resilient technology
- Water loss management





Topic 4 (cont. 1)

- Participation in EU Water Projects

possibilities still have to be investigated

Topic 5

- Co-operation with WCCE

towards international wording and influence

has to be supported by ECCE GA





30 September 2013

Subject: World Council of Civil Engineers partnership application to UN-Water

Dear Mr. Sancho,

At its 19th Meeting (29-31 August 2013), UN-Water carefully evaluated your application according to the partnership criteria as listed in the UN-Water website http://www.unwater.org/downloads/UNWaterPartnerCriteria.pdf.

In my capacity as the Secretary of UN-Water, I am pleased to inform you that your application was successful, and your organization is confirmed as a UN-Water partner.



IRC

WYPW PMJE PMJA

Topic 3 (cont. 3)

WCCE

UN Water Members

SC Enviroment & Sustainability Chair: Carsten Ahrens



UNWOMEN



United Nations Entity for Gender Equality and the Empowerment of Women



Topic 3 (cont. 4)

Journal of Applied Water Engineering and Research









Thank you for your attention

